We Claim:

	1. A method for making a laspartomycin core peptide, salt or hydrate thereof,
	comprising the steps of:
5	culturing the microorganism Streptomyces viridochromogenes, ssp.
	komahensis (ATCC 29814) in a culture medium;
	isolating laspartomycin from the culture medium; and
	cleaving a lipophilic fragment from laspartomycin, thereby yielding the
	laspartomycin core peptide.
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	2. The method of Claim 1 further including the step of isolating the
	laspartomycin core peptide.
	The method of Claim 1 in which the culturing step is carried out at a
15	temperature in the range of about 24°C to about 34°C.
	4. The method of Claim 3 in which the temperature is in the range of about
	27°C to about 29°C.
20	5. The method of Claim 1 in which the microorganism is removed from the
	culture medium prior to isolating laspartomycin.
	6. The method of Claim 5 in which the culture medium is acidified prior to
	removing the microorganism.
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	7. The method of Claim 6 in which the culture medium is acidified to a pH in
	the range of about 2.0 to about 3.0.
	8. The method of Claim 7 in which the microorganism is removed <i>via</i>
30	centrifugation and suspended in water, thereby providing an aqueous suspension.

- 9. The method of Claim 8 in which the pH of the aqueous suspension is adjusted to a basic pH.
- 10. The method of Claim 8 in which a divalent cation concentration of the aqueous suspension is adjusted to between about 4mmol 1 to about 10 mmol 1 and the pH of the aqueous suspension is adjusted to a basic pH.
- 11. The method of Claim 9 or 10 in which the adjusted pH is in the range of about pH 8.0 to about pH 9.0.
- The method of Claim 10 in which the divalent cation is selected from the group consisting of Ca^{2+} , Mg^{2+} and Zn^{+2} .
- 13. The method of either of Claim 9 or Claim 10, in which laspartomycin is extracted into organic solvent, thereby providing an organic solvent extract of laspartomycin.

 - 15. The method of Claim 14 in which the organic solvent is 1-butanol.
- 16. The method of Claim 14, wherein the salt of laspartomycin is extracted into aqueous solution by washing the organic solvent extract of laspartomycin with aqueous base solution.

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- 17. The method of Claim 14, wherein laspartomycin is extracted into organic solvent by acidifying the aqueous solution of the salt of laspartomycin.
 - 18. The method of Claim 14, further comprising:
 dissolving the salt of laspartomycin in aqueous acid solution;
 extracting laspartomycin into organic solvent; and
 removing the organic solvent to provide laspartomycin.

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- 19. The method of Claim 1 in which the lipophilic fragment is cleaved with an enzyme.
 - 20. The method of Claim 19 in which the enzyme is a deacylase.
- 21. The method of Claim 1 in which the cleavage step further comprises: culturing a microorganism capable of producing a deacylase in a culture medium; and contacting laspartomycin with the culture medium.
- 22. The method of Claim 21 in which the microorganism is *Actinoplanes utahensis* (NRRL 12052).
 - 23. The method of Claim 22 in which laspartomycin is contacted with the culture medium for about 16 hours at about 29°C.
 - 24. The method of Claim 22 in which laspartomycin is contacted with the culture medium for about 4 hours at about 29. C.
 - 25. The method of Claim 23 in which the laspartomycin core peptide has the structure:

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general control

or a salt or hydrate thereof.

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26. The method of Claim 24 in which the laspartomycin core peptide has the structure:

or a salt or hydrate thereof.

- 27. The laspartomycin core peptide produced by the method of any one of Claims 1, 23 and 24.
 - 28. A laspartomycin core peptide derivative according to structural formula (1):
 - $(1) Y^{1} L X N(R^{1}) R$

or a salt or hydrate thereof, wherein either:

- (i) $Y^{\dagger} = L X^{\dagger}$ taken together is hydrogen; or
- (ii) Y^1 is a linking group;

L is a linker;

 X^{1} is selected from the group consisting of CO_{1} , $-SO_{2}$,

 $CS \rightarrow PO \rightarrow NPO \rightarrow$

N is nitrogen;

 R^{+} is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, (C_1-C_{10}) alkyl optionally substituted with one or more of the same or different R^2 groups, (C_1-C_{10}) heteroalkyl optionally substituted with one or more of the same or different R^2 groups, (C_5-C_{10}) aryl optionally substituted with one or more of the same or different R^2 groups, (C_5-C_{15}) arylaryl optionally substituted with one or more of the same or different R^2 groups, (C_5-C_{15}) biaryl optionally substituted with one or more of the same or different R^2 groups, five to ten membered heteroaryl optionally substituted with one or more of the same or different R^2 groups, (C_6-C_{16}) arylalkyl optionally substituted with one or more of the same or different R^2 groups and six to sixteen membered heteroarylalkyl optionally substituted with one or more of the same or different R^2 groups and six to sixteen membered heteroarylalkyl optionally substituted with one or more of the same or different R^2 groups:

each R² is independently selected from the group consisting of OR³, SR³, NR³R³, CN, NO₂, --N₃, C(O)OR³, C(O)NR³R³, C(S)NR³R³, -C(NR³)NR³R³, CHO, R³CO, SO₂R³, --SOR³, PO(OR³)₂, PO(OR³), CO₂H, -SO₃H, PO₃H, halogen and trihalomethyl;

each R³ is independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, (C_1-C_6) alkyl, (C_5-C_{16}) aryl, 5-10 membered heteroaryl, (C_6-C_{16}) arylalkyl and six to sixteen membered heteroarylalkyl; and

R is the core cyclic peptide of laspartomycin.

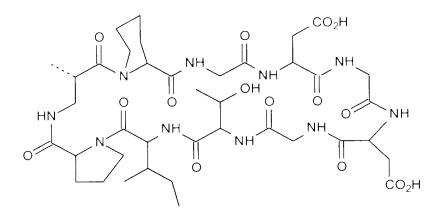
29. The laspartomycin core peptide derivative of Claim 28 wherein R has the structure:

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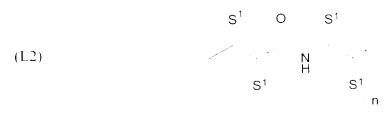


30. The laspartomycin core peptide derivative of Claim 29 in which Y^1 is selected from the group consisting of $-NHR^1$, $-NH_2$, -OH, -SH, -PH, halogen, -CHO, $-R^1CO$, $-SO_2H$, $-PO_2H$, $-N_3$, -CN, $-CO_2H$, $-SO_3H$, $-PO_3H$, $-PO_2(OR^1)H$, $-CO_2R^1$, $-SO_3R^1$, and $-PO(OR^1)_2$.

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- The laspartomycin core peptide derivative of Claim 30 in which R^{T} is hydrogen.
- 32. The laspartomycin core peptide derivative of Claim 31 in which Y^1 is selected from the group consisting of SH, H_2N , $OH, -CO_2H$ and $-CO_2R, X^1$ is carbonyl and L is selected from the group consisting of:





(L4)
$$S^{1} \begin{bmatrix} S^{1} \\ K \end{bmatrix} K$$

$$S^{1} \begin{bmatrix} S_{1} \\ S_{1} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} S_{1} \\ S_{1} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} S_{1} \\ S_{1} \end{bmatrix}$$

or a salt or hydrate thereof, wherein:

n is 0, 1, 2 or 3;

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each S¹ is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, $(C_1 - C_{10})$ alkyl optionally substituted with one or more of the same or different R⁴ groups, $(C_1 - C_{10})$ heteroalkyl optionally substituted with one or more of the same or different R⁴ groups, $(C_5 - C_{10})$ arylaryl optionally substituted with one or more of the same or different R⁴ groups, $(C_5 - C_{15})$ arylaryl optionally substituted with one or more of the same or different R⁴ groups, $(C_5 - C_{15})$ biaryl optionally substituted with one or more of the same or different R⁴ groups, five to ten membered heteroaryl optionally substituted with one or more of the same or different R⁴ groups, $(C_6 - C_{10})$ arylalkyl optionally substituted with one or more of the same or different R⁴ groups and six to sixteen membered heteroarylalkyl optionally substituted with one or more of the same or different R⁴ groups and six to sixteen membered heteroarylalkyl optionally substituted with one or more of the same or different R⁴ groups;

each R^4 is independently selected from the group consisting of OR^5 . SR^5 . NR^3R^5 . CN. NO_2 . N_3 . $C(O)OR^5$. $C(O)NR^3R^5$. $C(S)NR^3R^5$. $C(NR^5)NR^3R^5$. CHO. R^5CO . SO_2R^5 . SOR^5 . $PO(OR^5)_2$. $PO(OR^5)_3$. $PO(OR^5)_4$. PO(H, halogen and trihalomethyl):

each R⁵ is independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, (C_1-C_6) alkyl, (C_5-C_{10}) aryl, 5-10 membered heteroaryl, (C_6-C_{16}) arylalkyl and six to sixteen membered heteroarylalkyl; and

each K is independently selected from the group consisting of oxygen, nitrogen, sulfur and phosphorus.

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- 33. The laspartomycin core peptide derivative of Claim 32 in which each S^1 is independently a side-chain of a genetically encoded α -amino acid.
- 34. The laspartomycin core peptide derivative of Claim 32 in which Y^{\dagger} is H_2N and L is:

L1 S¹ H N O S¹

- 35. The laspartomycin core peptide derivative of Claim 34 in which each S^{\dagger} is independently a side-chain of a genetically encoded α -amino acid.
- 36. The laspartomycin core peptide derivative of Claim 35 in which n is 0 and S¹ is –CH₂C(O)OH or a salt or hydrate thereof.
- 37. The laspartomycin core peptide derivative of Claim 35 in which n is 1 and S¹ is CH₂CO₂H or a salt or hydrate thereof and S² is CH₂ indol-2-yl.
- 38. The laspartomycin core peptide derivative of Claim 28 in which $\mathbf{Y}^{1} = \mathbf{L} \mathbf{X}^{1}$ taken together is hydrogen and \mathbf{R}^{1} is hydrogen.
- 39. A method for making a laspartomycin core peptide derivative comprising covalently attaching a linker moiety to a laspartomycin core peptide.

- 40. A method of making a antimicrobial laspartomycin derivative comprising:

 covalently attaching a linker moiety to a laspartomycin core peptide, thereby providing a laspartomycin core peptide derivative; and covalently attaching a lipophilic group to the laspartomycin core peptide derivative to yield a antimicrobial laspartomycin derivative.
- 41. The method of Claim 40 further including the step of isolating the antimicrobial laspartomycin derivative.
- 42. The method of Claim 40 in which the laspartomycin core peptide is provided by the method of any one of Claims 1, 23 and 24.
- 43. The method of Claim 40 in which the laspartomycin core peptide is a compound according to any one of Claims 36 and 38.
- 44. A method of making a antimicrobial laspartomycin derivative comprising: covalently attaching a lipophilic group to a linker, thereby providing a lipophilic-linker group; and

covalently attaching the lipophilic-linker group to the laspartomycin core peptide derivative thereby yielding a antimicrobial laspartomycin derivative.

- 45. The method of Claim 44 further including the step of isolating the antimicrobial laspartomycin derivative.
- 46. The method of Claim 44 in which the laspartomycin core peptide is provided by the method of any one of Claims 1, 23 and 24.
- 47. The method of Claim 44 in which the laspartomycin core peptide is a compound according to any one of Claims 36 and 38.

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- 48. The laspartomycin derivative provided by the method of any one of Claims 40 and 44.
- 49. An isolated antimicrobial laspartomycin derivative according to structural formula (II):

(II)
$$Y^2 = (X^2 - X^3) - L - X^1 - N(R^1) + R$$

or an pharmaceutically acceptable salt or hydrate thereof, wherein:

 Y^2 is a lipophilic group;

 X^{T} is selected from the group consisting of -CO, SO_{S} ,

$$-CS-$$
, PO , $-OPO$, $OC(O)-$, NHCO and NR $^1CO-$;

X² is a linked group;

 X^3 is a linked group;

L is a linker;

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N is nitrogen;

R¹ is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, (C_1-C_{10}) alkyl optionally substituted with one or more of the same or different R² groups, (C_1-C_{10}) heteroalkyl optionally substituted with one or more of the same or different R² groups, (C_5-C_{10}) aryl optionally substituted with one or more of the same or different R² groups, (C_5-C_{15}) arylaryl optionally substituted with one or more of the same or different R² groups, (C_5-C_{15}) biaryl optionally substituted with one or more of the same or different R² groups, five to ten membered heteroaryl optionally substituted with one or more of the same or different R² groups, (C_6-C_{16}) arylalkyl optionally substituted with one or more of the same or different R² groups and six to sixteen membered heteroarylalkyl optionally substituted with one or more of the same or different R² groups and six to sixteen membered heteroarylalkyl optionally substituted with one or more of the same or different R² groups:

each R² is independently selected from the group consisting of OR³, SR³, NR³R³, CN, NO₂, N₃, C(O)OR³, C(O)NR³R³, C(S)NR³R³, -C(NR³)NR³R³, CHO, R³CO, SO₂R³, SOR³, PO(OR³)₂, PO(OR³), CO₂H, SO₃H, PO₃H, halogen and trihalomethyl:

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each R³ is independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, (C_1-C_6) alkyl, (C_5-C_{10}) aryl, 5-10 membered heteroaryl, (C_6-C_{16}) arylalkyl and six to sixteen membered heteroarylalkyl; and

R is the core cyclic peptide of laspartomycin.

50. The laspartomycin derivative Claim 49 in which R has the structure:

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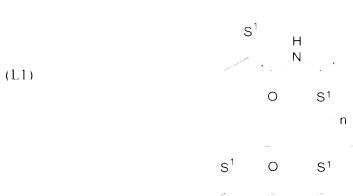
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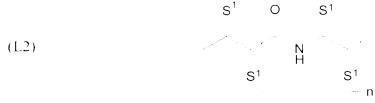
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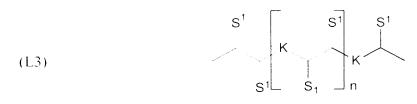
51. The laspartomycin derivative of Claim 50 in which $(X^2 - X^3)$ taken together are selected from the group consisting of C(O)O, O(O)C, O(

- 52. The laspartomycin derivative of Claim 51 in which R¹ is hydrogen.
- 53. The laspartomycin derivative of Claim 52 in which X^i is -CC or $-SO_2$, and L is selected from the group consisting of:

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or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or hydrate thereof, wherein:

n is 0, 1, 2 or 3;

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each S¹ is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, (C_1-C_{10}) alkyl optionally substituted with one or more of the same or different R² groups, (C_1-C_{10}) heteroalkyl optionally substituted with one or more of the same or different R² groups, (C_5-C_{10}) arylaryl optionally substituted with one or more of the same or different R² groups, (C_5-C_{15}) arylaryl optionally substituted with one or more of the same or different R² groups, (C_5-C_{15}) biaryl optionally substituted with one or more of the same or different R² groups, five to ten membered heteroaryl optionally substituted with one or more of the same or different R² groups, (C_5-C_{15}) arylaryl optionally substituted with one or more of the same or different R² groups and six to sixteen membered heteroarylalkyl optionally substituted with one or more of the same or different R² groups and six to sixteen membered heteroarylalkyl optionally substituted with one or more of the same or different R² groups:

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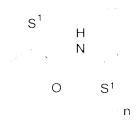
each R⁴ is independently selected from the group consisting of OR⁵.

- $-SR^5, \quad NR^5R^5, \quad CN, \quad NO_2, \quad -N_3, \quad C(O)OR^5, \quad -C(O)NR^5R^5, \quad C(S)NR^5R^5,$
- $-C(NR^{5})NR^{5}R^{5}$, -CHO, $-R^{5}CO$, $-SO_{2}R^{5}$, $-SOR^{5}$, $-PO(OR^{5})_{2}$, $-PO(OR^{5})$, $-CO_{2}H$,
- SO₃H, PO₃H, halogen and trihalomethyl;

each R⁵ is independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, (C_1-C_6) alkyl, (C_5-C_{10}) aryl, 5-10 membered heteroaryl, (C_6-C_{16}) arylalkyl and six to sixteen membered heteroarylalkyl; and

each K is independently selected from the group consisting of oxygen, nitrogen, sulfur and phosphorus.

- 54. The compound of Claim 53 in which each S^1 is independently a side-chain of a genetically encoded α -amino acid.
 - 55. The compound of Claim 53 in which L is:



- 56. The laspartomycin derivative of Claim 55 in which each S^4 is independently a side-chain of a genetically encoded α -amino acid.
 - 57. The laspartomycin derivative of Claim 55 in which n is 0.
- 58. The laspartomycin derivative of Claim 57 in which S¹ is CH₂ CO₂H or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or hydrate thereof.
- 59. The laspartomycin derivative of Claim 58 in which $(X^2 X^3)$ taken together are CONH .

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61. The laspartomycin derivative of Claim 55 in which L is:

 S^2 H O S^3

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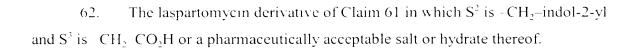
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or a salt or hydrate thereof, wherein S^2 and S^3 are each independently a side chain of a genetically encoded α -amino acid.



- 63. The laspartomycin derivative of Claim 62 in which $(X^2 X^3)$ taken together are CONH.
 - 64. The laspartomycin derivative of Claim 63 in which Y^2 is nonan-1-yl.
- 65. The laspartomycin derivative of Claim 61 in which S² is hydrogen and S³ is CH₂ CO₃H or a salt thereof.
- $\label{eq:continuous} 66. \qquad \text{The laspartomycin derivative of Claim 65 in which } (N^2-X^3) \text{ taken together}$ are $SO_3NH = .$
 - 67. The laspartomycin derivative of Claim 66 in which Y^2 is decan-1-vl.
 - 68. The laspartomycin derivative of Claim 55 in which L is:

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
S^2 & O & S^4 \\
\hline
& NH & NH
\end{array}$$

or a salt or hydrate thereof, wherein S^2 , S^3 and S^4 are each independently a side chain of a genetically encoded α -amino acid.

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69. The laspartomycin derivative of Claim 68 in which S² is · CH₂-indol-2-yl, S³ is · CH₂ · CO₂H or a salt thereof and S⁴ is · CH₂-· CO₂H or a salt thereof.

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70. The laspartomycin derivative of Claim 69 in which $(X^2 - X^3)$ taken together are —CONH—.

71. The laspartomycin derivative of Claim 70 in which Y^2 is nonan-1-yl.

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72. A pharmaceutical composition comprising a compound according to Claim 48 and a pharmaceutically acceptable excipient, carrier or diluent.

73. A method for treating a microbial infection, said method comprising the step of administering to a subject an effective amount of a compound according to Claim 49.

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74. A method for treating a microbial infection, said method comprising the step of administering to a subject an effective amount of a compound according to Claim 71.

A method of inhibiting microbial growth, said method comprising the step

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of administering to a microbe an effective amount of a compound according to Claim 48.

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76. A pharmaceutical composition comprising a compound according to Claim 49 and a pharmaceutically acceptable excipient, carrier or diluent.

- 77. A method for treating a microbial infection, said method comprising the step of administering to a subject an effective amount of a compound according to Claim 49.
- 78. A method for treating a microbial infection, said method comprising the step of administering to a subject an effective amount of a compound according to Claim 75.

79. A method of inhibiting microbial growth, said method comprising the step of administering to a microbe an effective amount of a compound according to Claim 49.